2018-11-19

Robust Packet Network

Manual

RPR-HF-APRS



compiled by SA7SKY

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Introduction

The following are the results and preliminary status quos of an open exchange between the RPR users summarized in this manual.

It is the goal of Robust-Packet-Network to make Robust Packet Radio more popular within the HF-APRS community and to strengthen the network.

Here the focus is set on frequencies and broadcast times in the network, as well as configurations of digipeaters, mobile and fixed stations. Settings in UI-View and the SCS Tracker / DSP Module II are represented here as an example.

All given data and statements are matter of constant changes and will be varied towards the needs and requirements of all users.

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Bulletin Board

• The Robust Packet Network has its own Multimode Reflector named XLX147 and its own DMR TG24098 Talkgroup

D-Star link via DCS147AL for main module is XLX147A. (XRF147AL & REF147AL possible as well) DMR TG24098 is linked to XLX147A and transcoding is provided by an AMBE3003USB. The motto behind the idea is:

" I see you on RPR-HF-APRS and can instantly talk to you ! "

• The 60m band is available on frequency 5354.00 kHz USB.

• Latest SCS Tracker firmware & TRConfig is available here http://robust-packet.net/SCS-Tracker-Firmware.zip

• If you like to operate reciprocal between FSK and RPR please note the following. This operational mode of the SCS Trackers is called *alternate mode* or *mixed mode* by some hams. SCS Tracker's manual uses the term **toggle mode**. **Toggle mode** provides a power cut between beacons with a deaf receiver. The latest **dual mode** operates continuously on a main selected modulation. The beacon transmission then comes twice with the second one being the other modulation before jumping back to the main selected one. So, you can listen and transmit continuously on RPR but (as safeguard) transmit a FSK beacon on top.

• www.Robust-Packet.net is 'on air'. If you like to obtain an email address *callsign*@Robust-Packet.net feel free to request. An instant rerouting to your known standard email address would immediately be in effect. To make RPN more popular please consider to implement http://robust-packet.net in your Comment [%AC] (SCS Tracker) / Beacon Comment (UI-View). Since it is quiet long for 300 baud operation a 2m transmission would help as well.

Daily developments and **corrections** can be found online here ! http://www.robust-packet.net/Robust-Packet-Network-Manual.pdf

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		PC		
RPN2	0 (Robust-Packet-	Netw	vork on 20m)	
20 m	DB0UAL-10	\$	non-standard 14102.00 kHz USB Bayaria	Gate/Digi RF-INT-RF H24
		•	Davana	Gate/_ RE_INT_RE_HX
20 m	PA3DFN-10	۹	South Holland	operational
RPN3	0 (Robust-Packet-	Netw	vork on 30m)	
20			North Dhine Mastehalia	Gate/- RF-INT-RF HX
30 m		•	North Knine-Westphalia	operational
30 m	DK2E7-10	٨	Hesse	Gate/Digi RF-INT-RF H24
50 m		V		operational
30 m	FI5HBB-10	۵	Kilkenny	Gate/- RF-INT-RF H24
50 111		•		operational
30 m	HB9ZF-10	۲	Canton Zurich	Gate/Digi RF-INI-RF H12
		•		
30 m	IQ2LB-7	۲	Lombardy	Gale/- KF-INI-KF H24
				Gate/Digi RE-INT-RE H24
30 m	IROUGN-10	۹	Province of Rome	operational
20		•		Gate/- RF-INT-RF H24
30 m	UE3XUR	ø	Lower Austria	operational
20 m			Wostorn Finland	Gate/DIGI* RF-INT-RF HX
20 11		v		[*DIGI: RPN1-1] operational
30 m	SA75KY-10	۵	Skåne	Gate/DIGI* RF-INT-RF HX
50 m	5/// 5/(110	•	Sharle	[*DIGI: RPN1-1] operational
RPN4	0 (Robust-Packet-	Netw	ork on 40m)	
40 m	DK2F7-10	۵	Hesse	Gate/Digi RF-INT-RF H24
		•		operational
RPN6	0 (Robust-Packet-	Netw	ork on 60m)	
60 m		۵	Western Finland	Gate/DIGI* RF-INT-RF HX
00 111	ONODE 10	•		[*DIGI: RPN1-1] operational
60 m	SA7SKY-10	٢	Skåne	Gate/DIGI* RF-INT-RF HX
••••		•		[*DIGI: RPN1-1] operational
60 m	DK2EZ-13	٩	Hesse	operational
60				Gate/Digi RF-INT-RF H24
60 m	HB92E-10	ø	Canton Zurich	operational
RPN8	0 (Robust-Packet-	Netw	ork on 80m)	
80 m			Bayaria	Gate/Digi RF-INT-RF H24
00 111	DDUUAL-10	V	Davalla	operational
80 m	HB97F-10	•	Canton Zurich	Gate/Digi RF-INT-RF HN
00 11		$\mathbf{\bullet}$		operational

RPR-Network Europe

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• H24 = 24 hours operation • H12 = except night hours • HX = variable times / on request • HN = night times

Comment

The interest in operating specific frequencies are as widely spread as the applications the users prefer.

Long-distance travellers focus 20 & 30 m band. Within Europe 80 m is regarded as a valuable band as well. First it means that HF-APRS activities are not over after sunset and second it lets participate lower class licensed hams. Long –distance mobile stations may claim antenna

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problems but in an area between 500-1000 km even short monoband antennas have shown excellent results.

Agreement among all hams is not to lose each other on too many different frequencies. Anyway new activities raised up on 40 m. After changing IARU bandplan towards 7000-7200 kHz the digimode part in the IARU Region 1 went up as well. Till now no new specific frequencies have been announced. In order to stay clear of the CW area the new frequencies 7047.30 kHz USB for RPR respectively 7047.60 kHz USB for FSK (HFP) have been developed. Efforts to find a worldwide 40 m frequency failed due to IARU bandplan differences.

In theory there are APRS frequencies existing as well in the 10 m, 15 m and 17 m areas but no gate or digipeater infrastructure is to be found there. So in order to concentrate activities those frequencies are no longer mentioned in this document.

20 m	14103.30 kHz	USB	DB0UAL 14102.00 kHz USB
30 m	10147.30 kHz	USB	
40 m	7047.30 kHz	USB	
60 m	5354.00 kHz	USB	
80 m	3610.00 kHz	USB	

RPR-Frequencies Europe

Comment

14103.30 kHz USB – This frequency has become the second strongest frequency in use behind 30m. In order to exchange longpaths and intercontinental in general 20m it of great use.

10147.30 kHz USB – The only really common frequency worldwide including sideband selection. FSK frequency is 10.147,60 kHz USB and TOOGLE-MODE is possible as well.

7047.30 kHz USB – The specific Dial-QRG is a good reminder reflecting the 30 m one and fulfils the conditions according the IARU Region 1 bandplan.

5354.00 kHz USB – The latest frequency is in operation since 2017. Experience all still collected but it seems to be day & night usable.

3610.00 kHz USB – The traditional frequency from Bavaria. For years DB0UAL(-10) has done a reliable job single handily. Meanwhile a wider interest is aroused. Especially after sunset many stations join a 'fly-in'. Since no specific path setting for DB0UAL(-10) is required any longer other gates enjoy the interaction.

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HF-APRS Frequency Calculation

	HF-A	PRS Dia	al Frequency Calcul Tone Frequencies 1600/	ation	RPR ⇔ FSK	
	Region	RPR	USB=300 Hz lower than FSK	FSK	USB=300 Hz higher than RPR	side band
20 m	Europe		14103.30 kHz		14103.60 kHz	USB
30 m	worldwide		10147.30 kHz		10147.60 kHz	USB
40 m	Europe		7047.30 kHz		7047,60 KHz	USB
60m	Europe		5354.00 kHz		5354.30	USB
80 m	Europe		3610.00 kHz		3610.30 kHz	USB
	= no usage				BOLD = active	usage
www	.robust-packe	t.net/tips	sandtricks/HF-APRS-Fre	equenc	y-Calculation.pdf for det	tails

Own Station

	HF-/	APRS D	ial Frequency Calcu	llation /	RPR ⇔ FSK	
	Band	RPR	USB=300 Hz lower than FSK	FSK	USB=300 Hz higher than RPR	side band
20 m			141 kHz		141 kHz	USB
30 m			101 kHz		101 kHz	USB
40 m			70 kHz		70 kHz	USB
60 m			53 kHz		53 kHz	USB
80 m			36 kHz		36 kHz	USB

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HF-APRS Frequencies Worldwide



chart as download image under www.robust-packet.net/hf-aprs-worldwide-chart.html

Comment

North America (red) Main activities take place on the 30 m band. No further information could be found so far concerning the other bands. According to WA8LMF the density of gates in North America is such high that digipeating is undesirable. A point of view that can be found in Europe as well. Anyway we have to keep on mind that i.e. mobile stations with a distance of 100-200 km to each other would never learn their proximity. With flat tires in the middle of nowhere digipeating then gets a different touch...

When RPR traffic starts now in North America a path APRS,WIDE1-1 is recommended. FSK (HFP) traffic does not encounter any influence by RPR !

Europe (orange) – see comment on previous page

Africa (yellow) Only activities observed are on the 30 m band. It is known that RPR gates are offered as well. Whether that is upon request and therefore temporary only is matter of survey.

Oceania (green) – Driving force when it comes to HF-APRS are the Australian hams. Specifics here are the different frequencies on 20 m & 40 m compared to Europe and different side band

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selection as well. The historical development doing HF-APRS came by the usage of old commercial radios. Those provided only USB and so 20 m was kept USB ever since. Shown RPR frequencies are theoretical entries only for the time being but hams down there are highly interested to enter the community of robust packet users.

General statement about path setting in South Africa and Australia – In those areas gating to the internet takes place via crossgating to the VHF-net. So by using GATE and then WIDEN-n results in the necessary hops to the VHF IGATE.

RPR-IGATE

UI-View

ation Setup			×	Digipeater 9	5etup	
Callsign	Latitude Lo	ongitude	Locator	Enable di	gi 🗵 UI Only 🕅	Alias substitution
DF8LS-10	54.24.33N 0	10.13.89E	J054CJ	TRUCE		
Unproto port	Unproto address			THALEN	-n WIDEN-N	
1	APRS			Alias(es	WIDE1-1,DF8L	S-10
Beacon comm	ent				501. 10 1 <u>0</u> 01 0	Distant
G/D R-I-R H2	4	UI-Vi	iew Tag 🕅	Sub Alia	s DF8LS-10	1=1
		(mins)		14	La constante de	1.220
Finad 30	Mobile 0	• miles	mat 15	Dupe sec	s 30	
rixed 50		C km	metfis			
Symbol		Compressed	Reacon X	01	Const	
nr Galeway		Compressed	Deaconita	<u> </u>		=
GPS symbol		01	Cancel		1	
HF Gateway	⊻ ⊔ 💇			[with unm	nodified original	program] Visit
				http://sa7s	sky.net/newn-n-۱	oaradigm-english
eacon Cor	nment – Serv	vice Code				
	feature	<u>es</u>				
D Gate	& D igi available	5		A	PRS Compatibility	×
D Digi (only				11	ADDC
- Gate (oniy	dite of			Unproto add	less Arno
T-D Dadi	<u>connecur</u> c c∖Intornot c∖	<u>vity</u> Padio conne	oction		Default messa	ige type APRS 🛛
I Dodi	o ⇔Internet ∽		CLION		E. L. 10.92. (aan
n Rauk Dadie	$J = \sqrt{\mathbf{I}}$	ny rnetie Diai	i/n		Enable UI-View(32) extensions (*
Raun	time tal	net i.e. Digi ne	νP			
24 24 hc	ours operation				<u>D</u> k	<u>C</u> ancel
12 excer	nt night hours				3	
K varia	ble times / on i	request				
N niaht	times					
5 -						
	Status Text					×
	Status text					
	10.147,30kHz	USB RPR API	RS http://rob	ust-packet.ne	et	
	Interval (mins)		Time	stamn	<u></u>	
	Las	Send best D	27.09	477		Send
	1.2	Jenu Dest D/	1 2700			Dona

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SCS-Tracker	UI-View	aprs.fi - presentation
Comment [%AC] under APRS Settings	Beacon Comment under Station Setup	Comment text 1. line (green) in the bubble http:// and mailto: links are always blue mobiles show this in moving list http://aprs.fi/moving/
Report Text [%AR] under APRS Settings	Status Text under Status Text	Status message 2. line (magenta) in the bubble http:// und mailto: links are always blue not shown in the moving list

Result in the internet

DF8LS-12 · center · zoom · info

2011-11-09 07:19:02z - 2012-03-27 09:05:29z G/D R-I-R H12 {UIV32} 10.147,30kHz USB RPR APRS http://robust-packet.net [APU25N via TCPIP*,qAC,T2KA]

APRSIS32

There are no specific entries to be done in the menus of the APRSIS32 program to operate RPR with the SCS Tracker. Even the 300 bauds are automatically selected as configured in the tracker itself when entering the KISS mode.

To reach the KISS mode you first create a new port with KISS as choice. The name 'SCS' is free selectable.

Then you exchange directly in the XML file anything between <OpenCmd> ... and ...</CloseCmd> with the actual example below. This is done straight with the txt editor.

If you wish to digipeat this is done in the XML as well in the line **after the very last radio port !!!** you created. (see example)

Menu Setting

MyCall-ssid	DF8LS-	10	G	<click th="" to<=""></click>
Passcode:	12345		1	Genius ^{***}
Quiet Time:	0	÷ sec		
Range:	10000	÷ 1/1	0 mi	NMEA
Add Filter:		10		
Comment:	G/- R-	I-R HX	QRU-S	Server htt
Confirm O	n Close	R R	estart (On About
T and the second	1 7	und l	0	essea 1

-Beacon Cor	mment
Comment:	3/- R-I-R HX QRU-Server http
Interval:	60 + min 0 = Every
Status Repo	ort
F Enabled	☐ GridSquare 🔽 Timestamp
Interval:	60 🕂 min 🗆 DX
Status:	144.800MHz FSK combined 1

Comment may be changed here as well

Range maximum is 1000 mi / 1609 km Under Add Filter you may enter callsigns that go beyond that range i.e. b/KJ4ERJ*

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SCS(KISS	5) <u>×</u>
🔽 Inherit	MyCall-ssid:
Comment:	
Quiet Time RFBaud:	sec V IS to IS
Enable	d I Bulletin/Obj I Messages
GPS/N	MEA T DX B Path
Device	Genius ^{***} Accept Delete

Crucial to the function as GATE is the tick in **RF to IS**. Whoever is ticking **IS to RF** becomes a bidirectional IGATE, though APRS-IS is configured in the same manner.

APRS-IS	Configuration
	MyCall-ssid: DF8LS-10
Comment:	G/- R-I-R HX QRU-Server http
Quiet Time	e: 0 → sec ♥ RF to IS ▼ IS to RF
🔽 Enable	d 🔽 Bulletin/Obj 🔽 Messages
🔽 Xmit Er	able B Path Telemetry
Device	Genius ^{***} Accept

Without the **RF to IS** setting here in APRS-IS gating would not work. Corresponding **IS to RF** when the bidirectional function is desired. Don't forget to enable, either here or in the menu of the program.

SCS Tracker KISS Mode & Digipeating - XML file

```
<!--RFPort[0]-->
                                                 check your values!
<RFPort Name="10.1473"> using this port name here i.e. for 30m results in DX reports incl. valid frequency
<Protocol>KISS</Protocol>
<Device>COM6:38400,N,8,1</Device>
                                                 check your values!
<RfBaud>300</RfBaud>
<OpenCmd>^027~!!0</OpenCmd>
<OpenCmd>^064^075!!0</OpenCmd>
<CloseCmd>^192^255^192~!!1</CloseCmd>
<CloseCmd>^027~!!0</CloseCmd>
<QuietTime>0</QuietTime>
<Enabled>1</Enabled>
<XmitEnabled>1</XmitEnabled>
<ProvidesNMEA>1</ProvidesNMEA>
<RFtoISEnabled>1</RFtoISEnabled>
<IStoRFEnabled>1</IStoRFEnabled>
<MyCallNot3rd>0</MyCallNot3rd>
<BeaconingEnabled>1</BeaconingEnabled>
<BeaconPath></BeaconPath>
<BulletinObjectEnabled>1</BulletinObjectEnabled>
<DXEnabled>0</DXEnabled>
<DXPath>RFONLY</DXPath>
<MessagesEnabled>1</MessagesEnabled>
<MessagePath></MessagePath>
<TelemetryEnabled>0</TelemetryEnabled>
<TelemetryPath></TelemetryPath><!--DigiXform-->
                                                 do N O T change this line (under development)
</RFPort>
<!--RFPort[0]-->
                                                 check your values!
<!--RFPort[1]-->
                                                 check your values!
<RFPort Name="...
...
<!--DiaiXform-->
                                                 do N O T change this line (under development)
</RFPort>
<!--RFPort[1]-->
                                                 check your values!
```

<!--DigiXform--> exchange this line with <DigiXform>WIDE1-1=WIDE1*</DigiXform> if you wish to digipeat. Otherwise leave it untoughed.

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Using the settings mentioned above lets the SCS Tracker easily enters KISS mode and exits back to stand alone operation. Anyhow, when restarting APRSIS32 it is vital to switch the tracker powerless for a second (under investigation).

SCS PTC-IIIusb / PTC-IIusb / TRXPTC KISS Mode - XML file

<!--RFPort[0]--> check your values! <RFPort Name="10.1473"> using this port name here i.e. for 30m results in DX reports incl. valid frequency <Protocol>KISS</Protocol> <Device>COM6:38400,N,8,1</Device> check your values! <RfBaud>300</RfBaud> <OpenCmd>^027~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^M~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>QUIT!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PSKA 250</OpenCmd> check your values! <OpenCmd>TONES 2</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>TRX Frequency 10147.3</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PAC!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BAUD r300!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^064^075!!0</OpenCmd> <CloseCmd>^192^255^192~!!2</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>^M~!pac:!1</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>QUIT!cmd:</CloseCmd> <QuietTime>0</QuietTime> <Enabled>1</Enabled> <XmitEnabled>1</XmitEnabled> <ProvidesNMEA>1</ProvidesNMEA> <RFtoISEnabled>1</RFtoISEnabled> <IStoRFEnabled>1</IStoRFEnabled> <MyCallNot3rd>0</MyCallNot3rd> <BeaconingEnabled>1</BeaconingEnabled> <BeaconPath></BeaconPath> <BulletinObjectEnabled>1</BulletinObjectEnabled> <DXEnabled>0</DXEnabled> <DXPath>RFONLY</DXPath> <MessagesEnabled>1</MessagesEnabled> <MessagePath></MessagePath> <TelemetryEnabled>0</TelemetryEnabled> <TelemetryPath></TelemetryPath> <!--DigiXform--> </RFPort> <!--RFPort[0]--> check your values!

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SCS PTC-II & PTC-IIpro (with DSP-II module at port 1) KISS Mode - XML file

<!--RFPort[0]--> check your values! <RFPort Name="10.1473"> using this port name here i.e. for 30m results in DX reports incl. valid frequency <Protocol>KISS</Protocol> <Device>COM6:38400,N,8,1</Device> check your values! <RfBaud>300</RfBaud> <OpenCmd>^027~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^M~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>Q!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>RESET!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>TONES 4!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BRIGHT 6!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PSKA 550!cmd:</OpenCmd> check your values! Adjusts the RPR TXLevel <OpenCmd>PAC!pac:!2</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>USER 0!pac:!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PRBOX 0!pac:!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BAUD R300!pac:!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^064^075!!0</OpenCmd> <CloseCmd>^192^255^192~!!2</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>^M~!pac:!1</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>Q!cmd:</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>BRIGHT 1!cmd:</CloseCmd> <QuietTime>0</QuietTime> <Enabled>1</Enabled> <XmitEnabled>1</XmitEnabled> <ProvidesNMEA>1</ProvidesNMEA> <RFtoISEnabled>1</RFtoISEnabled> <IStoRFEnabled>1</IStoRFEnabled> <MyCallNot3rd>0</MyCallNot3rd> <BeaconingEnabled>1</BeaconingEnabled> <BeaconPath></BeaconPath> <BulletinObjectEnabled>1</BulletinObjectEnabled> <DXEnabled>0</DXEnabled> <DXPath>RFONLY</DXPath> <MessagesEnabled>1</MessagesEnabled> <MessagePath></MessagePath> <TelemetryEnabled>0</TelemetryEnabled> <TelemetryPath></TelemetryPath> <!--DigiXform--> </RFPort> <!--RFPort[0]--> check your values!

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SCS PTC-IIex KISS Mode - XML file

<!--RFPort[0]--> check your values! <RFPort Name="10.1473"> using this port name here i.e. for 30m results in DX reports incl. valid frequency <Protocol>KISS</Protocol> <Device>COM6:38400,N,8,1</Device> check your values! <RfBaud>300</RfBaud> <OpenCmd>^027~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^M~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>Q!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>TONES 4!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BRIGHT 6!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PSKA 250!cmd:</OpenCmd> check your values! (only diffence to PTC-II & IIpro) <OpenCmd>PAC!pac1:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>USER 0!pac1:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PRBOX 0!pac1:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BAUD R300!pac1:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^064^075!!0</OpenCmd> <CloseCmd>^192^255^192~!!2</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>^M~!pac1:!1</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>Q!cmd:</CloseCmd> <QuietTime>0</QuietTime> <Enabled>1</Enabled> <XmitEnabled>1</XmitEnabled> <ProvidesNMEA>1</ProvidesNMEA> <RFtoISEnabled>1</RFtoISEnabled> <IStoRFEnabled>1</IStoRFEnabled> <MyCallNot3rd>0</MyCallNot3rd> <BeaconingEnabled>1</BeaconingEnabled> <BeaconPath></BeaconPath> <BulletinObjectEnabled>1</BulletinObjectEnabled> <DXEnabled>0</DXEnabled> <DXPath>RFONLY</DXPath> <MessagesEnabled>1</MessagesEnabled> <MessagePath></MessagePath> <TelemetryEnabled>0</TelemetryEnabled> <TelemetryPath></TelemetryPath> <!--DigiXform--> </RFPort> <!--RFPort[0]--> check your values!

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SCS P4dragon KISS Mode - XML file

<!--RFPort[0]--> check your values! <RFPort Name="10.1473"> using this port name here i.e. for 30m results in DX reports incl. valid frequency <Protocol>KISS</Protocol> <Device>COM2:38400,N,8,1</Device> check your values! <RfBaud>300</RfBaud> <OpenCmd>^027~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>^M~!!1</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>Q!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>TONES 4!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BRIGHT 6!cmd:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PAC!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PRBOX 0!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>PRPort 1!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>USER 0!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>BAUD R300!pac:</OpenCmd> <OpenCmd>TXLevel R 170!pac:</OpenCmd> check your values! <OpenCmd>^064^075!!0</OpenCmd> <CloseCmd>^192^255^192~!!2</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>^M~!pac:!1</CloseCmd> <CloseCmd>Q!cmd:</CloseCmd> <QuietTime>0</QuietTime> <Enabled>1</Enabled> <XmitEnabled>1</XmitEnabled> <ProvidesNMEA>0</ProvidesNMEA> <RFtoISEnabled>0</RFtoISEnabled> <IStoRFEnabled>0</IStoRFEnabled> <MyCallNot3rd>0</MyCallNot3rd> <NoGateME>0</NoGateME> <BeaconingEnabled>1</BeaconingEnabled> <BeaconPath>WIDE1-1</BeaconPath> <BulletinObjectEnabled>1</BulletinObjectEnabled> <DXEnabled>0</DXEnabled> <DXPath>WIDE1-1</DXPath> <MessagesEnabled>1</MessagesEnabled> <MessagePath>WIDE1-1</MessagePath> <TelemetryEnabled>0</TelemetryEnabled> <TelemetryPath>WIDE1-1</TelemetryPath> <!--DigiXform--> </RFPort> <!--RFPort[0]--> check your values!

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AGW Packet Engine with SCS Tracker, PTC-IIseries, PTC-IIIseries, TRXPTC & P4dragon * - XML file

<!--RFPort[0]--> check your values! <RFPort Name="10.1473"> using this port name here i.e. for 30m results in DX reports incl. valid frequency <Protocol>AGW</Protocol> <Device>@localhost:8000</Device> <RfBaud>300</RfBaud> <!--OpenCmd--> <!--CloseCmd--> <QuietTime>0</QuietTime> <Enabled>1</Enabled> <XmitEnabled>1</XmitEnabled> <ProvidesNMEA>0</ProvidesNMEA> <RFtoISEnabled>0</RFtoISEnabled> <IStoRFEnabled>0</IStoRFEnabled> <MyCallNot3rd>0</MyCallNot3rd> <NoGateME>0</NoGateME> <BeaconingEnabled>1</BeaconingEnabled> <BeaconPath>WIDE1-1</BeaconPath> <BulletinObjectEnabled>1</BulletinObjectEnabled> <DXEnabled>0</DXEnabled> <DXPath>RFONLY</DXPath> <MessagesEnabled>1</MessagesEnabled> <MessagePath></MessagePath> <TelemetryEnabled>0</TelemetryEnabled> <TelemetryPath></TelemetryPath> <!--DigiXform--> </RFPort> <!--RFPort[0]--> check your values!

remark by SV1UY

All PTC-IIseries (except PTC-IIe which does not support RPR or PTC-II without the DSP+ board/Extra RAM), PTC-IIIseries, TRXPTC and P4dragons should be setup as "NORD><LINK TNC2" Modems and use SMACK KISS Protocol in Packet Engine, Free or Pro. Then in Packet Engine's Setup, Radio Port Manager, Edit Radio Port, Property Page, TNC Control Commands: InitKiss1 field type "^PAC BAUD R300" without the quotes. In InitKiss2 filed type "^PAC" again without the quotes and leave InitKiss3 as is.

SCS Trackers should also be setup as a "NORD><LINK TNC2" Modems using SMACK KISS Protocol in Packet Engine, Free or Pro but in Packet Engine's Setup, Radio Port Manager, Edit Radio Port, Property Page, TNC Control Commands: InitKiss1 and InitKiss2 should be left blank if you are using an SCS Tracker and again leave InitKiss3 as is.

See next page for setup examples

Manual

(continue) remark by SV1UY

Select Po	rt	TNC Type	TNC Con	trol Commands
COM5	~	Select Your Thc Model.	IniKIss1	^PAC BAUD R300
Po corofi	ll for Modomo like		IniKiss2	^PAC
Baycom e	etc need also the	HORD/SELINK INCZ ·	IniKiss3	^@К
В	audrate.	TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS	1000000000000	Exit Kiss On Exit
SerialPort	BaudRate	Mode,	Single	e Port
		Smack KISS V	ODual	Port
38400	~	Options	Qua	draple Port
TNC Radi Port Desc	oPorts cription (Frequency	,BaudRate etc)		Port Kiss ID
Port1	P4dragon			0
Port 2				0
Port 3				0
			-	
Port 4				.U
perties fo	or Port2	OK	Can	cel Apply
perties fo operty P Select Po	or Port2 age Tric Commani rt	OK ds TNC Type	Can TNC Con	cel <u>Apply</u>
perties fo operty P Select Po	or Port2 age Tric Comman rt	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model,	TNC Con IniKIss1	cel <u>Apply</u> trol Commands
perties fr operty P. Select Po COM4 3e carefu	or Port2 age The Comman rt	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model, NORD> <link td="" tnc2="" ~<=""/> <td>TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2</td> <td>cel Apply</td>	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2	cel Apply
perties fr operty P Select Po COM4 3e carefu Baycom e Baycom e	or Port2 age Tric Commanie rt Il for Modems like etc need also the audrate.	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model, NORD> <link td="" tnc2="" ~<=""/> <td>TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3</td> <td>cel Apply trol Commands</td>	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3	cel Apply trol Commands
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perties f roperty P Select Po COM4 3e carefu Baycom e B serialPort	or Port2 age Tric Commani rt ll for Modems like etc need also the audrate. BaudRate	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model, NORD> <link tnc2="" ~<br=""/> TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS Mode, Smack KISS ~	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3	cel Apply trol Commands ^@K Exit Kiss On Exit e Port Port
perties for operty P Select Po COM4 Baycom e B serialPort 38400	or Port2 age Tric Commani rt Il for Modems like etc need also the audrate. BaudRate	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model. NORD> <link tnc2="" ~<br=""/> TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS Mode. Smack KISS ~ Options	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3 © Singl O Dual O Quad	cel Apply trol Commands ^@K Sexit Kiss On Exit e Port Port draple Port
perties for roperty P Select Po COM4 3e carefu Baycom e B serialPort 38400 TNC Radi	or Port2 age Tric Commani rt Il for Modems like etc need also the audrate. BaudRate	OK TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model. NORD> <link tnc2="" ~<br=""/> TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS Mode. Smack KISS ~ Options	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3 © Singl Quad	cel Apply Atrol Commands ^@K Second Exit Kiss On Exit a Port Port draple Port
perties for operty P Select Po COM4 Baycom e B SerialPort 38400 TNC Radi Port Desc	or Port2 age Tric Commanie rt Il for Modems like etc need also the audrate. BaudRate oPorts cription (Frequency.	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model. NORD> <link tnc2="" ~<br=""/> TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS Mode. Smack KISS ~ Options BaudRate etc)	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3 © Singl O Dual O Quad	cel Apply trol Commands ^@K Exit Kiss On Exit e Port Port draple Port Port Kiss ID
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perties for operty P Select Po COM4 Baycom e Baycom e Com e Baycom e Baycom e Baycom e Baycom	or Port2 age Tric Commanies rt Il for Modems like etc need also the audrate. BaudRate oPorts cription (Frequency, Tracker	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model. NORD> <link tnc2="" ~<br=""/> TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS Mode. Smack KISS ~ Options ,BaudRate etc)	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3 © Singl Quad	cel Apply
perties f roperty P Select Po COM4 Be carefu Baycom e B SerialPort 38400 TNC Radi Port Desc Port 1 Port 2 Port 3	or Port2 age Tric Commanies rt if if for Modems like etic need also the audrate. BaudRate oPorts cription (Frequency, Tracker	OK ds TNC Type Select Your Tnc Model. NORD> <link tnc2="" ~<br=""/> TNC Sub Type Select The special KISS Mode. Smack KISS ~ Options ,BaudRate etc)	TNC Con IniKIss1 IniKiss2 IniKiss3 © Singl O Dual O Quad	cel Apply

Manual SCS Tracker

Settings	Tracking Options
RS Callsign [%AM]; DF8LS-10	APRS beacon only in tracking mode [%AX]
th [%AP]: APRS,WIDE1-1	Comment [%AC]: G/- R-I-R H24
osition	Status Report
GPS Lon: E 010913 80 5	Report Text [%AR]: 10147.30kHz RPR APRS http://robust-packet.i
• Fixed	On every 2 + APRS Transmission
X Interval [%AT]	Tracking - HF mode Toggle [%AH]
Manual TX interval: 900 seconds	nly if in HF-PR-Mode [%8]
PRS Symbol [%AY]	always
HE Gateway	Digipeating / Gateway Options
	APRS-Digipeating [%AD]
iPS Altitude [%AA]	Digip, Alias: WIDE/WIDEn-N
compressed (3)	
Compressed (BASE91) [%AS]	Cross Mode Digipeating [%AG]
Timestamp [%AI]	Cross Mode: R300 Bd C APRS Linproto only C ALL Unproto
APRS Valid [%AV]: 1200 s	APRS frequency beacon [%AF]
	Toterval: 0 seconds
output APRS datagrams 💌 on GPS-Port	

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		·	
TX-Delay (T): 40 x 10 ms	<easypa< td=""><td>dket>: Terminal lst OFFL</td><td>INE</td></easypa<>	dket>: Terminal lst OFFL	INE
Switch ch. (S):			
io Center Freq. (%F): 2000 Hz	I allow	remote disconnect (//Q)	
Center Freq. (%L) 1500 Hz			
TX amplitudes	Monitor (M)	PR-Mode (%B)	Pobust PP
TX amplitudes	Monitor (M)	PR-Mode (%B) Standard PR	Robust PR
TX amplitudes AFSK (%XA): 300 mV	Monitor (M) V V I	PR-Mode (%B) Standard PR C 300 Bd C 1200 Bd	Robust PR R 300 Bd R 600 Bd
TX amplitudes AFSK (%XA): 300 mV FSK (%XF): 600 mV	Monitor (M)	PR-Mode (%B) Standard PR C 300 Bd C 1200 Bd C 9600 Bd	Robust PR

TRConfig Version 1.0.1.55

nual			ирс	late 2018-11-19
SC SCS TRConfig - Misc Setti	ngs			×
Add-Linefeed (A)				
🔽 Echo (E)	500	Frack (F)	150 Timer 2 (@T2)	
Digipeating (R)	10	Retry (N)	18000 Timer3 (@T3)	
DF8LS-10 Alias Digi (@R)	2	MaxFrame (O)	Flow-Control on, XON/XOFF on	Flow-Control (Z)
PTT (X)	32	Persistence (P)	Time settings	
Duplex (@D)	10	Slottime (W)	Timestamp (K): OFF	1
Flags (@F)	10	# of channels (Y)	Auto GPS Time Sync. (%K)	
T UI-Poll (@U)	60	Ipoll (@I)	Sync. to PC-time	
Callsign Check (@V)		N	Aodem ID String (%I)	

TRConfig Version 1.0.1.55

RPR-MOBILE

UI-View

Station Setup	×	
Callsign DF8LS-9	Latitude Longitude Locator	
Unproto port	Unproto address	
1	APRS, WIDE1-1	
Beacon comm	nent	APRS Compatibility
Helge Fixed 15 Symbol Jeep GPS symbol Jeep	Ul-View Tag X Beacon interval (mins) Mobile 1 1 1 miles Internet 0'ly Compressed Beacon IX 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly 0'ly	Unproto address APRS Default message type APRS 🕅 Enable UI-View(32) extensions 🕅 <u>Ok</u> <u>Cancel</u>
	Status Text	<u>x</u>
	Status text	
	10.147,30kHz USB RPR APRS http://r	obust-packet.net 💌
	Interval (mins) Tim 45 Send best DX 233	e stamp 2050z <u>O</u> k <u>C</u> ancel <u>S</u> end

Comment

After longer discussions about pros and cons of digipeating the European answer is a YES for mobile stations and a NOT-NECESSARELY for gates & digis. But unlike 2 m operation the path should be set to WIDE1-1 allowing a single hop (reminds old ECHO).

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In case of difficult HF propagation conditions Status Text should be avoided or set to a high time interval.

Crosspeater operation (according to DF8HL)

Some Hardware i.e. Yaesu VX-8 have unproto addresses not starting with AP... Meaning that not even the first two letters are AP (except under specific circumstances) but more or less random ones. When hiking through the remote wilderness or doing a trip by canoe some hams use their mobile station as crossdigipeater and mode changer from 2m-FSK to HF-RPR. In order to pass even those non-AP... addresses digipeaters and gates should independently of all formats digipeat and igate anything they receive if the path holds in first place a not yet digipeated ALIAS like WIDE1-1 or the digipeaters station callsign.

SCS Tracker

APRS beacon only in tracking mode [%AX] Comment [%AC]: Helge Status Report Report Text [%AR]: http://robust-packet.net Send Status Report [%AE]: Never © On every 15 # APRS Transmission Tracking - HF mode Toggle [%AH] © only if in HF-PR-Mode [%B] © always
Comment [%AC]: Helge Status Report Report Text [%AR]: http://robust-packet.net Send Status Report [%AE]: Never On every 15 APRS Transmission Tracking - HF mode Toggle [%AH] C only if in HF-PR-Mode [%B] C always
Status Report Report Text [%AR]: http://robust-packet.net Send Status Report [%AE]: O Never On every 15 APRS Transmission Tracking - HF mode Toggle [%AH] C only if in HF-PR-Mode [%B] C always
C always
gipeating / Gateway Options
APRS-Digipeating [%AD] Digip. Alias: RELAY
Cross Mode Digipeating [%AG] Cross Mode: R300 8d Cross Mode: R300
APRS frequency beacon [%AF]

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Callsign (I): DF8LS-9	- Connect Text (L	Ŋ	
TX-Delay (T): 40 x 10 ms	<easypa< td=""><td>doet>: Terminal lst OFFL</td><td>INE</td></easypa<>	doet>: Terminal lst OFFL	INE
Switch ch. (S):			
Center Freq. (%F): 2000 Hz	L allow	remote disconnect (//Q)	
1500			
Center Fred. (%) 1500 HZ			
Center Freq, (%L) 1500 Hz			
TX amplitudes	-Monitor (M) -	PR-Mode (%B)	Robust PR
TX amplitudes AFSK (%XA): 300 mV	Monitor (M)	PR-Mode (%B) Standard PR C 300 Bd	Robust PR
TX amplitudes AFSK (%XA): 300 mV	Monitor (M)	PR-Mode (%B) Standard PR C 300 Bd C 1200 Bd	Robust PR
TX amplitudes AFSK (%XA): 300 mV FSK (%XF): 600 mV	Monitor (M) V V S S	PR-Mode (%B) Standard PR C 300 Bd C 1200 Bd C 9600 Bd	Robust PR R 300 Bd R 600 Bd

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Add-Linefeed (A)	-	_	-	9	
🔽 Echo (E)	500	Frack (F)	150	Timer 2 (@T2)	
Digipeating (R)	10	Retry (N)	18000	Timer 3 (@T3)	
DF8LS-9 Alias Digi (@R)	2	MaxFrame (O)	Flow-Con	itrol on, XON/XOFF on 💌	Flow-Control (2
PTT (X)	32	Persistence (P)	Time set	ttings	
🗖 Duplex (@D)	10	Slottime (W)	Timesta	mp (K): OFF	•
🗖 Flags (@F)	10	# of channels (Y)	T Aut	to GPS Time Sync. (%K)	
T UI-Poll (@U)	60	Ipoll (@I)	Г	Sync. to PC-time	
Callsign Check (@V)		N	1odem ID S	String (%I)	
TX Freq. track. (%T)					

TRConfig Version 1.0.1.55

SCS PTC-IIIusb & APRSdroid via Bluetooth Init string for TNC KISS

pska 800 check your values! tones 4 pac baud r300 kiss

Manual

compiled by DH1TI translated by SA7SKY

RPR – Theory

Why RPR-APRS?

Till now APRS-operation on shortwave was done by ordinary HF-packets (FSK 300 bd). Now what makes the difference towards RPR?

Robust Packet Network www.robust-packet.net

To answer that question we initially focus the properties of HF-channels and the specialties when transmitting digital signals via shortwave.

Properties of an HF-Channel

small bandwidth (< 3kHz) - multipath propagation - phase shift – band noise and other disturbances - fading – constant fluctuating conditions

HF-transmission of digital signals

When transmitting digital signal via radio by using single carriers you nearly always encounter problems on shortwave by multipath propagation.



Run-time differences caused by multipath propagation

A signal reaches the receiver via different ways. The different paths a signal has taken results in different delays of that signal. So a mixture of direct signals meet time-shifted and reflected echoed signals.

The effect of this mixture is shown in following figure.

reflection n-8 n-7 n-6 n-5 n-4 n-3 n-2 n-1 n n+1 n+2	
time	\rightarrow

Intersymbol-Interference by run-time distortion

This is a symbolic representation of the contents received. It is demonstrated that reflected signal are received such late that they put heavy influence on the direct signals. Superposition following symbols by echoed preceded symbols are called Intersymbol-Interference (ISI). Under typical shortwave conditions a symbol will influence samples that follow.

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To gentle the effect of ISI with the old FSK packets the length of symbols was prolonged (reduction to 300 bd). This leaded to an improvement of the relation between duration of a symbol and its echo. You simply allow the echo more time to fade.



Improvement by extension of symbol length

But it is obvious that symbols which follow are still broken by reflection of the preceding onces. Even when reducing to 300 bd time is still too short to cover the effects of multi pathing on shortwave.

How can RPR do better?

The solution for the ISI problem is known since the 50th and has been used by military services for shortwave operation. It is the Multicarrier System. You take benefit of the Time-Bandwidth Product (TBP): data stream is distributed to several subcarriers. Instead of transmitting symbols successively in sequence now multiple and longer symbols are on air. The more subcarriers are used the longer the symbol can be. This method is called Frequency Division Multiplex (FDM).

Despite this improvement of symbol duration-to-echo relation still ISI may interfere. To encounter that a pause is inserted behind each symbol. This protective break is called Guard Intervall.



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Elimination of Intersymbol-Interference by usage of Guard Interval

The echo is now allowed to fade during the Guard Interval without breaking symbols that follow. Data stream ratio is nearly not effected but robustness against ISI substantially improved.

Anyway it is easy to imagine that realization of this method takes technical extravagance. To separate the single subcarriers steep edge filters are needed.

That is why RPR uses a method called Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex (OFDM). Supported by digital signal processing steep edge filters are no longer required. RPR works with 8 subcarriers with a 60 Hz tone gap. Average symbol length jumps to 20 ms in comparison to FSK with 3,3 ms. Without a doubt RPR can be called a multipath capable procedure appropriate for shortwave operation.



Spectrum of RPR (graphic OE3MZC)

Regardless the 8 subcarriers spectrum of RPR is not wider than those ones of FSK300. The opposite is true: bandwidth is just 500 Hz.

In comparison find the FSK300 (old HF-packet) spectrum below. Bandwidth is significantly greater with a value of 730 Hz.



The Problem of Channel Coding

Beside the discussed ISI multipath problem other uncertainties appear with APRS AX.25 and FSK operation: the missing channel coding.

In normal FSK-packet-radio-operation (same on VHF/UHF) a receiver rejects an error packet and requests a new transmission. Regarding the CRC-Checksum which is attached, an error packet is detected. This method is called ARQ (Automatic Repeat reQuest). It works fine with Packet Radio but when operating APRS this AX.25 automated request mechanism is override since we are transmitting <u>unprotocolled</u> (unproto) packets.

Just a tiny crack in the data packet makes it unusable. Receivers would detect it as an error packet and dump it. A lost transmission.

But even here RPR offers the solution with a suitable channel coding. This channel coding allows receiver not only to detect an error but – up to a certain degree – to correct those themselves. This is possible by targeted reconstruction data included in the package (Forward Error Correction). This method is good to correct single bit errors like caused by lightning and tiny band noise cracks.

But what happens when hole burst errors appear and complete blocks of related bits are lost? Not only 1 bit but i.e. a 10 bits group goes down the drain!? That cannot be corrected any more.

The trick then is the such called Interleaving: originally subsequent bits are scrabbled before transmission in such manner that they do not appear in their chronological order in the data block any longer.

Interleaving now produces out of 1 burst error a greater amount of single bit errors which then can be put together again by the Forward Error Correction.

In this way APRS-packets are protected effectively against transmission failures respectively in many cases can even be "repaired" by the receiving device.

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intentionally left blank for editorial reasons

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RPR-users Europe

[87]	-		CCS7 / DMR-ID [49]	[33]
Callsign	Operation	Remarks	email mobile	WLNK
DB1CH	RX gate	Christof	db1ch@gmx.de 2637149	no
DB2HTA	stationary	Herbert (Herby)	db2hta@yahoo.com	X
DC2WH	mobile, stationary	Ralf	dc2wh@darc.de	no
DC5KW	stationary	Hilmar	dc5kw@darc.de 2624357	no
DC6VA	stationary	Nicolai	dc6va@darc.de	no
DC7WOL	RX gate, digi	Wolfgang sysop DB0UAL	dc7wol@darc.de 2628160	no
DF1VK	mobile	Hermann	df1vk@darc.de	no
DF8HL	mobile, stationary	Bernd	df8hl@arcor.de	no
DG1BGS	gate	Stephan	dg1bgs@darc.de 2627261	no
DG2DAD	stationary	Walter	walter.michallek@freenet.de 2624238	no
DG9HR	gate,digi, (on request), mobile	Hartmut	dg9hr@darc.de 2622117	no
DH1TI	gate	Tobias	tobias.haber@t-online.de 2637036	no
DH3SF	mobile, stationary	Tom	at8friedrich@yahoo.com	x
DH5ABC	stationary	Matthias	dh5abc@darc.de	x
DH5DY	wx-stationary	Rainer	rainer@dh5dy.de	no
DH7AHK	stationary	Maximilian	dh7ahk@darc.de 2633204	no
DH8HP	gate, mobile	Hartmut	dh8hp@freenet.de 2624847	no
DJ0CU	stationary	Paul	paulharrison@gmail.com 2622456	no
DJ7UA	mobile, stationary	Mario	dj7ua@darc.de	no
DJ8KL	stationary	Klaus	dj8kl@dj8kl.de	no
DK2EZ LY2EZ	gate, digi, mobile	Uwe	moede@gmx.net	no
DK200	mobile	Reiner	rleuckel@gmx.net dk2oo@darc.de	X

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undate	20	I 8- I	9	050	1)7
apaace		LO 1			

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DL1NZA	mobile	Најо	dl1nza@gmx.de 2620100	no
DL2BWO DN4BAS	stationary	Wolfgang	dl2bwo@darc.de 2621106	no
DL2CST	stationary	Christian	dl2cst@gmx.de 2621164	X
DL3MSZ	stationary	Karl-Heinz	do1mkh@web.de	no
DL4DP	mobile	Dirk dl4dp@gmx.de 2624059		no
DL5CG	gate, mobile	Andreas DL5CG@Robust-Packet.net 2620026 dl5cg@gmx.net		x
DL5KK	mobile	Kai-Jürgenkai@krellenberg.de 2622187		no
DL5MCQ	stationary	Edgar edgarschuell@web.de		x
DL5MET ex Z38D		Frank	dl5met@qsl.net	x
DL6MAA	gate, digi	Peter sysop DB0UAL	dl6maa@t-online.de	x
DL8BZ	mobile	Reiner	dl8bz@gmx.de	no
DL8RCB	stationary	Anatol	dl8rcb@gmx.de	no
DM4RW	gate	Robert	dm4rw@arrl.net 2638515	no
DO1HH	stationary	Jan	jtimmann@freenet.de 2622065	no
DO6RV	mobil	Stephan	romeo.victor@t-online.de 2638511	x
EI5HBB	stationary	Eoghan	ei5hbb@gmail.com 2720054	x
F1MHV DF1CHB	mobile	Cyrille	f1mhv@free.fr 2089051 & 2624770	x
F4ACU	mobile	Matthieu	mlhpub@free.fr	no
F4AHV 6W7RV	mobile	Jean-François	jf.lorne@free.fr	no
F4FQN	stationary	Etienne	f4fqn66@gmail.com	X
G0HIX	stationary	Andy	g0hix@btopenworld.com	no
G0VNP	mobile	Bob	g0vnp@btinternet.com 2342090	X
G3UEQ	stationary	Andrew	g3ueq@pobroadband.co.uk 2352366	no
G4APL	stationary	Paul		no

undata	20	1 .	10	050	Ω_{7}
upuale	20	10-		050	UΖ

manaa	-	1		1 19 090
G4IRX	gate	Nick	g4irx@nowindows.net 2341099	no
GM4WMM	gate	Stuart	gm4wmm@btinternet.com 2354052	no
HB9AUR	RPR RMS HB9AK	Martin	hb9aur@swiss-artg.ch	X
HB9DDF	gate	Christian	hc-retec@gmx.net	X
HB9FIX	stationary	Hans	hb9fix@bluewin.ch 2283059 & 2283122	no
HB9FKP	stationary	Patrick	hb9fkp@gmail.com 2283068	no
HB9FOU	stationary	Jean-Yves		no
HB9IJE	stationary	Dominique	2281026 & 2281027	x
HB9JAQ	gate	Peter	hb9jaq@uska.ch 2283066	x
HB9JBQ	mobile	Manuel	manuel.christen@gmx.ch	no
HB9MNP	gate	Ernst sysop HB9ZF-10	hb9mnp@hb9zf.ch 2288026	no
HB9TPR	stationary	Remo	hb9tpr@hispeed.ch 2288108 & 2288027	no
IU4DTL	stationary	Francesco	iu4dtl@gmail.com 2224053	no
IW2OHX	gate	Marco sysop IQ2LB & IR2UFV	iw2ohx@iw2ohx.net 2222146	X
IZ0QWM	gate, mobile	Raffaello sysop IR0UGN-10	raffaello.dimartino@kwos.org 2220124	x
IZ1GCL	maritime mobile	Giuseppe	menga@polito.it	no
LA5VNA	stationary	Steinar	saanes@broadpark.no 2421032	X
MOHPP	mobile	Gerard 'Paul'	paul.fleming@tradewind35.co.uk 2352849	X
OE1CSC CN2CS	mobile	Clemens	clemens@schmikal.at 2321304	no
OE3MSU	gate, digi, mobile	Max sysop OE3XUR	oe3msu@kabsi.at 2323105	no
OE3MZC	mobile	Mike	oe3mzc@oevsv.at 2323401 & 2323402	X
OE3RFA	mobile	Rudolf	oe3rfa@gmail.com 2323191 M +4366473383744	no
OE5ERN	stationary	Erwin	oe5ern@arrl.net 2325141	X
OE7FTJ	stationary	Wolf	oe7ftj@oevsv.at 2327023	x

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OH6DL DL5NR	gate, mobile	Wolfgang	oh6dl@sral.fi 2446069	X
ON6YF	stationary	Didier	on6yf.didier@gmail.com	no
OZ1PMX 5P1PM	stationary	Peter	oz1pmx@gmail.com	x
PA3DFN	gate	Philip	philip@schroth.cx 2042003	no
PA3ECL	Gate	Rene	pa3ecl@amsat.org 2045062	no
PA3GJX	stationary	Jan	pa3gjx@amsat.org	X
PE0S	stationary	Steven	pe0s@ziggo.nl	no
PE1ITR	stationary	Rob	pe1itr@amsat.org 2045094	X
S51TA	maritime mobile	Ted (Tadej)	tadej.mezek@gmail.com	X
S57RA	stationary	Pavel	open	no
SA7SKY DF8LS	gate, mobile	Helge	helge@sa7sky.net M +46725488404 2407094 & 2622123	x
SM0RWO	stationary	Per	per@crusefalk.se	no
SM5RVH	stationary	Robert	sm5rvh@ssa.se 2405068	x
SM7DSE	stationary	Kent	kent.larsson@stherrestad.nu	no
SM7YBJ	stationary	Johann	hallhuber@hotmail.se	no
SV1UY MOSUY	stationary	Demetre	sv1uy@yahoo.com 2021008	X
UA3LMR RD2A	gate	Vyacheslav (Stan)	ua3lmr@mail.ru	nein

RPR-users outside Europe

[27]			CCS7 / DMR-ID [16]	[8]
Callsign	Betrieb	Bemerkungen	email	WLNK
AB1TZ	stationary	Mike	AB1TZ@Robust-Packet.net 3123005	no
AG6IF	gate, stationary	James	ag6if@arrl.net	no
C91PM	gate	Paulo	c91pm@yahoo.com 6430001	X
HS0ZIB G6JFY	gate	Simon	simonluttrell@yahoo.com	X
KB1EJH	gate	Carl RMS sysop (UHF)	kb1ejh@yahoo.com	X

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KB7DZR	gate	Scott	open	no
N1ZZZ VQ9ZZ	mobile	Jeremy	n1zzz@arrl.net 3142131	X
N3FCX	gate	Daniel	dan_n3fcx@yahoo.com	no
N7TTQ	gate	Jeffrey	open	no
N8NOE	gate	Jeffrey	n8noe@arrl.net 3126799	no
N9ZGE	stationary	Donald	n9zge@arrl.net	no
PY4DH	gate	Luiz	py4dh@hotmail.com	no
PY4MAB	gate	Mauricio	py4mab@yahoo.com.br 7241018	no
UA9KDF	gate	Igor	ua9kdf@inbox.ru 2509002 & 2509012	X
VA7DGP	gate	Donald	va7dgp@rac.ca 3027201	no
VE1YZ	gate	Neil RMS sysop	ve1yz@winlink.org	X
VE3XZT	gate	Dale	ve3xzt@rac.ca 3023434	no
VE6AB	mobile	Jerry	ve6ab@shaw.ca 3026074	no
VE6EN	gate	Andrew	ve6en@shaw.ca 3026042	no
VE7OI	gate	Jean-Claude	jc.daehler@gmail.com	no
VK2NA	stationary	David	vk2na@hotmail.com	no
VK3TBN	gate	Peter	vk3tbn@yahoo.com 5053244	no
W4VPI	gate	Anthony	w4vpi@excite.com 3151668	no
WA4ZKO	gate	Jeffrey sysop K4KPN-10 K4KPN 3121023 & 3121024	wa4zko@outlook.com 3121022	X
WA5LUY	gate	John	wa5luy@arrl.net 3105514	no
W6KL	gate	David	w6kl@arrl.net 3106912	no
WB2LMV	gate	Glenn	wb2lmv@gmail.com 1136374	X